

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

1,1'-(*p*-Phenylenedimethylene)-
dipyridinium bis(hexafluoridophosphate)Munirah Sufiyah Abdul Rahim, Yatimah Alias and
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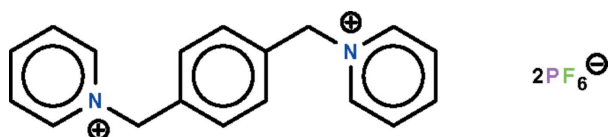
Received 9 September 2010; accepted 22 September 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å;
 R factor = 0.029; wR factor = 0.088; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.1.

The title salt, $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2^{2+} \cdot 2\text{PF}_6^-$, exists as non-interacting cations and anions. In the cation, the pyridine and phenylene rings are aligned at $62.9 (1)^\circ$; the pyridine ring lies on a special position of m site symmetry and the phenylene ring on a special position of $2/m$ site symmetry. The angle at the methylene C atom is $112.8 (1)^\circ$. The anion lies on a special position of m site symmetry; four F atoms lie on this mirror plane.

Related literature

For the tetraphenylborate salt, see: Wu *et al.* (2007) and for the tetracyanoquinodimethanide salt, see: Ashwell *et al.* (1975); Hudson & Robson (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2^{2+} \cdot 2\text{PF}_6^-$ $M_r = 552.28$ Orthorhombic, $Pbam$ $a = 11.1013 (11)$ Å $b = 12.6742 (12)$ Å $c = 7.3483 (7)$ Å $V = 1033.91 (17)$ Å³ $Z = 2$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.33$ mm⁻¹ $T = 100$ K $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX
diffractometerAbsorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{\min} = 0.908$, $T_{\max} = 0.968$

6200 measured reflections

1280 independent reflections

1121 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$ $wR(F^2) = 0.088$ $S = 1.05$

1280 reflections

91 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.33$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.44$ e Å⁻³

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

We thank the University of Malaya (grant No. TA010/2010 A) for supporting this study.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: JH2207).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o2653 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810037992]

1,1'-(*p*-Phenylenedimethylene)dipyridinium bis(hexafluoridophosphate)

M. S. Abdul Rahim, Y. Alias and S. W. Ng

Comment

The structure of the 1,1'-(4-dimethylphenylene)dipyridinium cation has been reported in a number of examples (Ashwell *et al.*, 1975; Hudson & Robson, 2009; Wu *et al.*, 2007). We ourselves have reported other examples. The title hexafluorophosphate (Scheme I, Fig. 1) exists as non-interacting cations and anions. In the cation, the pyridyl and phenylene rings are aligned at 62.9 (1) °. The angle at the methylene C atom is 112.8 (1) °. The anion lies on a mirror plane such that four F atoms lie within the mirror plane.

Experimental

α,α' -Dibromo-*p*-xylene (5.28 g, 20 mmol) was dissolved in acetonitrile (30 ml) and to the solution was added pyridine (2.96 g, 40 mmol). The solution was heated for 2 h. The solid product was recrystallized from a methanol/ethanol mixture to afford 1,1'-(4-dimethylphenylene)dipyridinium bromide. The bromide ion was exchanged by the hexafluorophosphate ion by reaction of the salt (1 mmol) with ammonium hexafluorophosphate (2 mmol) in water. The reactants were mixed in water for 2 h to give a solid material. This was collected and recrystallized from acetonitrile.

Refinement

Carbon-bound H-atoms were placed in calculated positions (C—H 0.95 to 0.99 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation, with $U(\text{H})$ set to $1.2U(\text{C})$.

Figures

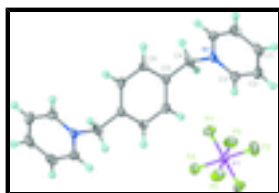


Fig. 1. Thermal ellipsoid plot (Barbour, 2001) of $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2^{2+} \cdot 2\text{PF}_6^-$ at the 70% probability level; hydrogen atoms are drawn as spheres of arbitrary radius.

1,1'-(*p*-Phenylenedimethylene)dipyridinium bis(hexafluoridophosphate)

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2^{2+} \cdot 2\text{PF}_6^-$

$M_r = 552.28$

Orthorhombic, *Pbam*

Hall symbol: -P 2 2ab

$a = 11.1013$ (11) Å

$F(000) = 556$

$D_x = 1.774$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2836 reflections

$\theta = 2.8$ – 28.2°

supplementary materials

$b = 12.6742$ (12) Å
 $c = 7.3483$ (7) Å
 $V = 1033.91$ (17) Å³
 $Z = 2$

$\mu = 0.33$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ K
Block, colorless
 $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
graphite
 ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.908$, $T_{\max} = 0.968$
6200 measured reflections

1280 independent reflections
1121 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.4^\circ$
 $h = -14 \rightarrow 14$
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 16$
 $l = -9 \rightarrow 8$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.088$
 $S = 1.05$
1280 reflections
91 parameters
0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0505P)^2 + 0.3897P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.33$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.44$ e Å⁻³

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
P1	0.25173 (4)	0.14923 (4)	0.0000	0.01624 (16)	
F1	0.25218 (7)	0.14917 (6)	0.21872 (11)	0.0238 (2)	
F2	0.31281 (13)	0.26387 (9)	0.0000	0.0351 (3)	
F3	0.12080 (10)	0.20151 (10)	0.0000	0.0281 (3)	
F4	0.19348 (10)	0.03444 (8)	0.0000	0.0238 (3)	
F5	0.38395 (10)	0.09687 (10)	0.0000	0.0282 (3)	
N1	0.00180 (13)	0.29642 (11)	0.5000	0.0151 (3)	
C1	0.17001 (16)	0.45395 (14)	0.5000	0.0227 (4)	
H1	0.2269	0.5100	0.5000	0.027*	
C2	0.12837 (12)	0.41294 (11)	0.3374 (2)	0.0231 (3)	
H2	0.1579	0.4391	0.2247	0.028*	
C3	0.04351 (11)	0.33362 (10)	0.34067 (18)	0.0192 (3)	
H3	0.0143	0.3050	0.2296	0.023*	
C4	-0.09367 (16)	0.21325 (14)	0.5000	0.0203 (4)	

H4A	-0.1451	0.2225	0.3911	0.024*	0.50
H4B	-0.1451	0.2225	0.6089	0.024*	0.50
C5	-0.04278 (15)	0.10309 (13)	0.5000	0.0153 (4)	
C6	-0.02152 (11)	0.05152 (10)	0.66385 (17)	0.0181 (3)	
H6	-0.0364	0.0867	0.7758	0.022*	

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
P1	0.0184 (3)	0.0162 (3)	0.0141 (3)	-0.00093 (16)	0.000	0.000
F1	0.0274 (4)	0.0300 (5)	0.0140 (4)	-0.0014 (3)	-0.0013 (3)	-0.0022 (3)
F2	0.0502 (8)	0.0217 (6)	0.0333 (7)	-0.0156 (6)	0.000	0.000
F3	0.0272 (6)	0.0346 (7)	0.0224 (6)	0.0125 (5)	0.000	0.000
F4	0.0309 (6)	0.0196 (5)	0.0210 (6)	-0.0068 (5)	0.000	0.000
F5	0.0189 (6)	0.0400 (7)	0.0255 (6)	0.0042 (5)	0.000	0.000
N1	0.0150 (6)	0.0115 (6)	0.0187 (7)	0.0018 (5)	0.000	0.000
C1	0.0148 (8)	0.0134 (8)	0.0398 (11)	0.0014 (6)	0.000	0.000
C2	0.0222 (6)	0.0212 (6)	0.0260 (7)	0.0022 (5)	0.0048 (5)	0.0064 (5)
C3	0.0220 (6)	0.0197 (6)	0.0161 (6)	0.0030 (5)	-0.0002 (5)	0.0003 (5)
C4	0.0148 (8)	0.0136 (8)	0.0323 (10)	-0.0005 (6)	0.000	0.000
C5	0.0129 (7)	0.0130 (8)	0.0201 (9)	-0.0020 (6)	0.000	0.000
C6	0.0215 (6)	0.0167 (6)	0.0159 (6)	-0.0027 (5)	0.0021 (5)	-0.0021 (5)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

P1—F4	1.5921 (11)	C1—H1	0.9500
P1—F3	1.5975 (12)	C2—C3	1.3779 (18)
P1—F2	1.6034 (12)	C2—H2	0.9500
P1—F1 ⁱ	1.6072 (8)	C3—H3	0.9500
P1—F1	1.6072 (8)	C4—C5	1.506 (2)
P1—F5	1.6107 (12)	C4—H4A	0.9900
N1—C3 ⁱⁱ	1.3444 (15)	C4—H4B	0.9900
N1—C3	1.3444 (15)	C5—C6	1.3902 (15)
N1—C4	1.495 (2)	C5—C6 ⁱⁱ	1.3902 (15)
C1—C2	1.3828 (18)	C6—C6 ⁱⁱⁱ	1.391 (2)
C1—C2 ⁱⁱ	1.3828 (18)	C6—H6	0.9500
F4—P1—F3	90.54 (7)	C2 ⁱⁱ —C1—H1	120.2
F4—P1—F2	178.95 (7)	C3—C2—C1	119.18 (14)
F3—P1—F2	90.51 (7)	C3—C2—H2	120.4
F4—P1—F1 ⁱ	90.05 (3)	C1—C2—H2	120.4
F3—P1—F1 ⁱ	90.17 (3)	N1—C3—C2	120.45 (13)
F2—P1—F1 ⁱ	89.95 (3)	N1—C3—H3	119.8
F4—P1—F1	90.05 (3)	C2—C3—H3	119.8
F3—P1—F1	90.17 (3)	N1—C4—C5	112.81 (14)
F2—P1—F1	89.95 (3)	N1—C4—H4A	109.0
F1 ⁱ —P1—F1	179.64 (7)	C5—C4—H4A	109.0
F4—P1—F5	89.64 (7)	N1—C4—H4B	109.0

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F3—P1—F5	179.82 (7)	C5—C4—H4B	109.0
F2—P1—F5	89.31 (7)	H4A—C4—H4B	107.8
F1 ⁱ —P1—F5	89.83 (3)	C6—C5—C6 ⁱⁱ	120.02 (16)
F1—P1—F5	89.83 (3)	C6—C5—C4	119.97 (8)
C3 ⁱⁱ —N1—C3	121.11 (16)	C6 ⁱⁱ —C5—C4	119.97 (8)
C3 ⁱⁱ —N1—C4	119.44 (8)	C5—C6—C6 ⁱⁱⁱ	119.99 (8)
C3—N1—C4	119.44 (8)	C5—C6—H6	120.0
C2—C1—C2 ⁱⁱ	119.60 (17)	C6 ⁱⁱⁱ —C6—H6	120.0
C2—C1—H1	120.2		
C2 ⁱⁱ —C1—C2—C3	1.7 (3)	C3—N1—C4—C5	90.39 (12)
C3 ⁱⁱ —N1—C3—C2	-1.6 (2)	N1—C4—C5—C6	91.26 (13)
C4—N1—C3—C2	177.67 (13)	N1—C4—C5—C6 ⁱⁱ	-91.26 (13)
C1—C2—C3—N1	-0.1 (2)	C6 ⁱⁱ —C5—C6—C6 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.3 (3)
C3 ⁱⁱ —N1—C4—C5	-90.39 (12)	C4—C5—C6—C6 ⁱⁱⁱ	177.77 (16)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, -z$; (ii) $x, y, -z+1$; (iii) $-x, -y, z$.

Fig. 1

